

RAPE & SEXUAL ASSAULT

**RAPE
CRISIS
SCOTLAND**

Rape Crisis Scotland

The **Rape Crisis Scotland Helpline** offers initial and crisis support and information on the phone and by email for anyone aged 13 or over who has been affected by sexual violence, no matter when or how it happened. Support is available on the helpline and by email.

It is **free and confidential**.

The **helpline** supports survivors of stalking and can also put you in touch with local Rape Crisis Centres or other services for ongoing support. We can arrange for language interpreters if your first language is not English. RCS Helpline runs an LGBTI access service every Monday and Thursday from 7pm – midnight. The RCS Helpline is fully accessible for deaf or hard of hearing people with an additional service available for them every Tuesday from 1.30pm – 5pm.

Contact Rape Crisis Scotland Helpline on

Telephone: 08088 01 03 02

(every day from 6pm to midnight)

Email: support@rapecrisisscotland.org.uk

Website: www.rapecrisisscotland.org.uk

Rape and sexual assault

Sexual violence can happen to anyone. Rape and sexual assault can happen to adults and children, it is never the fault of the person to whom it happens. Some survivors may have experienced an isolated attack, some may experience more than one attack in their life and others again may have lived with sexual violence over a long period of time.

Rape and sexual assault are serious crimes which happen when someone is made to take part in sexual acts to which they do not consent. The Sexual Offences (Scotland) Act came into effect on 1 Dec 2010 defining rape as: penetration without consent, of the vagina, anus or mouth, by a penis. The Act also sets out a crime of sexual assault by penetration, which involves penetration of the vagina or anus by any object, without consent. If you were raped or sexually assaulted before the 1 December 2010, the previous law, rather than the Sexual Offences Act, will apply.

Sexual assault is a broad term which applies to many forms of sexual violence ranging from unwanted touching or kissing to being forced to perform sexual acts. Sexual violence happens

irrespective of age, race, religion, gender identity, class, sexuality, whether able bodied or disabled. No matter where you were, what you were doing, what you were wearing, if you were drunk or under influence of drugs, you did not deserve this.

The responsibility always lies with the attacker, not you.

Feelings

It is natural to experience a whole range of feelings following a rape or sexual assault. There is no 'normal' response. How you are feeling and how you respond to this are unique to you. At Rape Crisis Scotland Helpline we will always listen to you and believe your experience, we are not here to judge you.

If you were recently attacked it is possible that you may be in shock. This can mean that you are feeling numb, unemotional, can be in total disbelief, be crying, laughing or physically being sick. Many survivors feel responsible and can feel dirty and ashamed.

It is not uncommon to experience nightmares, flashbacks to what happened or panic attacks. None of these things mean that you are mad or losing control, they are natural reactions to a traumatic event.

Often these memories can be very frightening as it is as though it is happening again. It is possible to gain control over these reactions, and support from someone you trust or from a Rape Crisis worker, can be helpful.

It is normal to struggle with every day life, to be irritable, to feel worthless or depressed following a rape or sexual assault. There is no standard length of time to recover from this and you may find yourself moving between these emotions.

It is natural to struggle profoundly with what has happened despite pressure to move on or 'get over it'. It is not unusual to feel confused, to lack trust in yourself and others and to experience difficulties in relationships.

It is possible to heal from rape or sexual assault. With support and in your own time it can be helpful to talk about what has happened, how you are feeling and your responses.

You have done nothing wrong and deserve support.

Reporting to the Police

Whether the attack happened recently or a long time ago it is entirely your own decision to report it or not. The RCS Helpline is available to offer support and information if you are thinking about reporting or want to talk it through after you have done so.

The legal system

The legal system is complex and RCS Helpline can provide you with an information leaflet and DVD which details the legal process, we can also talk this through on the helpline and offer you support if you have reported, are going to court or have previously been in court. For further information on reporting and the justice process please view our online Survivors' Guide to the Scottish Justice System on YouTube by searching Rape Crisis Scotland Survivors' Guide.

Health

Your emotional health is really important, as is your physical health. If you have recently experienced sexual violence you may have injuries which require medical attention. These injuries may be internal or external, and it is natural to feel uncomfortable about seeking medical attention but it is important that any injuries are

treated and that you have the support you deserve put in place.

You may be concerned about pregnancy or sexually transmitted infections.

You can get the Emergency contraceptive pill at any pharmacy. The morning after pill is free on the NHS. If you visit a local pharmacy make sure to say that you would like to get the pill on the NHS. You can take it up to 3 days (72 hours) or in some cases up to 5 days (120 hours – prescription required) after the assault. An IUD (often called a coil) can be fitted up to 5 days (120 hours) and must remain inside you until the time of your next period. You can also get Emergency Contraception from local family planning or sexual health clinics or from your GP. The **RCS Helpline** or your local **Rape Crisis Centre** can help to find your closest service.

If you are pregnant and do not wish to continue with the pregnancy you can ask your GP or a doctor at a family planning clinic for a termination (abortion). It is your decision and no one has a right to tell you what you should do, it is about what is right for you.

If you are concerned about STIs you can visit your local family planning or sexual health clinic for testing. You don't need to tell them what happened unless you wish to and you don't need to give them your real

name. The services are **free** and **confidential**.

If any of your tests are positive for STIs the clinic will provide you with the right treatment e.g. antibiotics. If you are having a HIV test it is worth considering when best to do this. This is because it takes 12 weeks for the infection to show up. You can also have these tests done by your GP but they are required to record the test and the result in your medical record.

It may be that you experienced sexual violence some time ago and have since been in poor health. It is not unusual to experience pains associated with specific injuries or more unspecific pains eg in your abdomen. The effects of sleeplessness, of depression and flashbacks can be physical and can be associated with general ill health.

Local Rape Crisis Centres

Rape Crisis Centres are located in all local authorities in Scotland; for the most up to date contact information and referral criteria please go to:

www.rapecrisisscotland.org.uk/about-local-rapecrisis-centres/

Aberdeen

Rape Crisis Grampian

Argyll & Bute

Argyll & Bute Rape
Crisis Centre

Dumfries & Galloway

Rape Crisis & Sexual
Abuse Support Centre

Dundee

Women's Rape & Sexual
Abuse Centre

East Ayrshire

The STAR Centre

Edinburgh

Edinburgh Rape Crisis
Centre

Fife

Fife Rape & Sexual
Assault Centre

Forth Valley

Forth Valley Rape Crisis

Glasgow & Clyde

Glasgow & Clyde Rape
Crisis Centre

Lanarkshire

Lanarkshire Rape Crisis
Centre

Moray

Moray Rape Crisis

Orkney

Orkney Rape & Sexual
Abuse Service

Perth

Rape & Sexual Abuse
Centre Perth & Kinross

Highland

Rape & Sexual Abuse
Service Highland

Scottish Borders

Scottish Borders Rape
Crisis Centre

Shetland

Shetland Rape Crisis

Western Isles

Western Isles Rape
Crisis Centre

Resources

RCS Helpline has a range of support resources that you may find helpful, they are available in print from the RCS Helpline or on our website under the help and information section at:

www.rapecrisisScotland.org.uk

- Anger
- Coping after sexual violence
- Dissociation
- Flashbacks
- Healing from sexual violence
- Nightmares and sleeping problems
- Panic attacks
- Relationships
- Self-harm
- Sexual health
- Suicidal thoughts / feelings
- Trauma
- Information for friends
- Information for parents
- Information for partners
- Information for young people supporting friends

Other Helpful Contacts

There are many people who want to help. You can phone / email the RCS Helpline for support and information. We can tell you about services in your area including health, police, procurator fiscal services etc. and help to put you in touch with them.



Scottish
Women's
Rights
Centre

Scottish Women's Rights Centre

Free legal information and advice for women survivors of gender based violence.

Weekly helpline available across Scotland on Wednesday's 1.30 – 4.30pm,

Tel: 08088 010 789

Local legal surgeries available in:

Glasgow Rape Crisis

Mon's 10am – 1pm, **Tel: 0141 552 3201**

Lanarkshire Rape Crisis

Thurs 10am – 1pm, **Tel: 01698 527 006**

If you or someone you know has been affected by any form of sexual violence, no matter when it happened, contact the Rape Crisis Scotland Helpline on **08088 01 03 02** or by email at **support@rapecrisisscotland.org.uk**

Trained female support workers offer free and confidential support and information, and can let you know about support in your area.

For deaf access services, please see **www.rapecrisisscotland.org.uk**



Supported by the Scottish Government